

THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong...To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. III.]

Camp Douglas, U. T., Friday Morning, January 13, 1865.

[No. 7.

The Daily Union Vedette,
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,) AT
CAMP DOUGLAS, U. T.

—BY—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,
—OF THE—
California and Nevada Volunteers.

Terms of Subscription; Invariably in Advance
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One copy one week, (delivered by carrier) 50

Rates of Advertising:

Business cards one month.	\$ 5.00
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All kinds of Merchandise and Stock taken and Sold on Commission.	
Stock Sales at 10 A.M. Regular Sales every evening at 6½ o'clock.	decisif-pm

HADLEY & MINER,
Auction and Commission Merchants

Main Street, No. 6, below 2a South Temple street.

All kinds of Merchandise and Stock taken and Sold on Commission.

Stock Sales at 10 A.M. Regular Sales every evening at 6½ o'clock.

JAMES LINFORTH,
Commission Merchant,
205 BATTERY STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.

" " Austin, Nevada Territory.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah.

UNITED STATES MAIL.

UTAH TERRITORY.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington City,
October 12, 1864.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 P. M. of March 6th, 1865, (to be decided by 13th,) for conveying the mails of the United States in the Territory of UTAH, from July 1st, 1865, to June 30th, 1866, on the routes and by the schedule of departures and arrivals herein specified—being routes established by act of Congress, approved June 30th, 1864.

14627—From Fort Bridger, by Richville, Soda Springs, the upper crossing of Snake River, and Virginia City, (Montana,) to Hell Gate, 510 miles and back, twice a month.

Bids for service once a week invited.

Bidders to propose a schedule of departure and arrivals.

14628—From Fort Bridger, by Boise City, (Idaho Territory,) and Grand Ronde Valley, Oregon, to Walla-Walla, (Washington Territory,) 700 miles and back, twice a month.

Bids for service once a week invited.

Bidders to propose a schedule of departure and arrivals.

14629—From Salt Lake City, by Fillmore City and St. George, to Los Angeles, (California,) 770 miles and back, twice a month.

Bids for once-a-week service invited.

Bidders to propose a schedule of departure and arrivals.

14630—From Fillmore City, by Beaver, Parowan, and Cedar City, to St. George, 275 miles and back, twice a week.

Leave Fillmore City Monday and Wednesday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at St. George sixth day by 6 p. m.;

Leave St. George Monday and Wednesday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Fillmore City sixth day by 6 p. m. back, once a week.

Leave Hyrum Saturday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Paradise at 10 a. m.;

Leave Paradise at 1 p. m.;

Arrive at Hyrum by 5 p. m.

14632—From Ogden City to Plain City, 10 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Ogden City Friday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Plain City by 11 a. m.;

Leave Plain City at 2 p. m.;

Arrive at Ogden City by 5 p. m.

14633—From Ogden City to Huntsville, 13 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Ogden City Friday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Huntsville by 12 m.;

Leave Huntsville at 1 p. m.;

Arrive at Ogden City by 5 p. m.

14634—From Salt Lake City, by Jordan, to Herriman, 21 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Salt Lake City Thursday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Herriman at 12 m.;

Leave Herriman at 1 p. m.;

Arrive at Salt Lake City by 7 p. m.

14635—From Rockville to Springdale, 5 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Rockville Monday at 10 a. m.;

Arrive at Springdale by 12 m.;

Leave Springdale at 1 p. m.;

Arrive at Rockville by 3 p. m.

14636—From Salt Lake City, by Mountain, Weber, Morgan, Porter, Croydon, Heuener, Coalville, Hoytville, Wanship, Poos, Kamias, Heber, Mount, Midway, and Charleston, to Provo City, 188 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Salt Lake City Thursday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Provo City in seven days at 6 p. m.;

Leave Provo City Thursday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Salt Lake City in seven days by 6 p. m.

14637—From Salt Lake City, by E T City, Grantsville, Tooele, Shambles, Cedar Fort, Fairfield, and Goshen, to Payson, 105 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Salt Lake City Thursday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Payson Saturday by 6 p. m.;

Leave Payson Monday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Salt Lake City Wednesday by 6 p. m.

Bids for twice-a-week service invited.

14638—From Brigham City, by Menden, Wells-ville, Hyrum, Millville, Providence, Logan, Hyde Park, Smithfield, and Rich-mond, to Franklin, 72 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Salt Lake City Thursday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Franklin next day by 12 m.;

Leave Franklin at 1 p. m.;

Arrive at Brigham next day by 6 p. m.;

Bids for more frequent service invited; also bids to extend service to Soda Springs, 60 miles further.

14639—From Salt Creek, by Poule, Round, and Holden, to Fillmore, 66 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Salt Creek Monday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Fillmore next day by 6 p. m.;

Leave Fillmore Wednesday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Salt Creek next day by 6 p. m.

14640—From Mount Pleasant to Moroni, 10 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Mount Pleasant Saturday at 8 a. m.;

Arrive at Moroni by 12 m.;

Leave Moroni at 1 p. m.;

Arrive at Mount Pleasant by 5 p. m.

Bids for more frequent service invited.

14641—From Fountain to Wales, 12 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Fountain Saturday at 12 m.;

Arrive at Wales by 4 p. m.;

Leave Wales Saturday at 7 a. m.;

Arrive at Fountain by 11 a. m.;

Bids for more frequent service invited.

14642—From Springville, by Spanish Fork, Cau-ton, Fairview, Mount Pleasant, Spring-ton, Ephraim, and Manti, to Gunnison, 27 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Springville Saturday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Gunnison next day by 6 p. m.;

Leave Gunnison Monday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Springville next day by 6 p. m.

Bids for more frequent service invited.

14643—From Fillmore City to Deseret, 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Fillmore City Monday at 8 a. m.;

Arrive at Deseret by 4 p. m.;

Leave Deseret Tuesday at 8 a. m.;

Arrive at Fillmore City by 4 p. m.;

14644—From Beaver to Minersville, 17 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Beaver Tuesday at 7 a. m.;

Arrive at Minersville by 19 m.;

Leave Minersville at 3 p. m.;

Arrive at Beaver by 8 p. m.

Bids for more frequent service invited.

14645—From Cedar City, by Pinto, Pine Valley, Alger, Ranney, and Diamond, to Saint George, 80 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Cedar City Wednesday at 8 a. m.;

Arrive at Saint George Friday at 2 p. m.;

Leave Saint George Saturday at 8 a. m.;

Arrive at Cedar City Tuesday by 2 p. m.

Bids for twice-a-week service invited.

14646—From Gunnison to Chicken Creek, 30 miles and back, once a week.

Leave Gunnison Monday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Chicken Creek by 6 p. m.;

Leave Chicken Creek Tuesday at 6 a. m.;

Arrive at Gunnison by 6 p. m.

Bids must provide for the conveyance of the mail with "celerity, certainty, and security," using the terms of the law.

For form of proposal, guarantee, and certificate, and for instructions, requirements, etc., etc., bidders are referred to the pamphlet advertisement of this date at the principal post-offices.

W. DENNISON,

Postmaster-General.

dec21w4

NEW STORE! NEW STORE!!

ELLIS & BROTHERS

Have just received a full and complete assort-ment of

General Merchandise,

consisting in part of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MILLINERY GOODS IN VARIETY,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats,

Embroideries of all descriptions,

Cassimere and Berage Shawls,

Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes,

Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

Ready Made Clothing,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities.

Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,

California blankets of varied shades,

Straw matting, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY

Rope of all sizes. Glass and Queens ware, Stationery and Blank Books, Dye Stuffs, etc.

The Daily Union Vedette.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 13, 1863.

There's Method in his Madness.

We understand that a day or two after the late ranting tirade of Judge Clinton in the 13th ward meeting house, a particular friend of his, a late convert to the Mormons, visited the persons whose houses were to be destroyed by the Judges ruffians, and advised them to sell out at any price and leave the country. That was a good plan, Judge, to get hold of the poor peoples property for a song, but it did not succeed, the *VEDETTE* came to their rescue and no doubt saved them from becoming houseless wanderers. Such outrages can no longer be perpetrated in Utah with impunity. The people have rights under the Constitution and laws of the land and they will maintain them; they will no longer submit to be stripped of their worldly goods, and, perchance, their lives, for disobedience to priestly mandates. We would advise Elders, Bishops and Lions of the Lord, to confine themselves to counseling the people in spiritual matters. If the people cannot attend to their temporal affairs they are unworthy the status of citizens of this great Republic. Thank God day is dawning in Utah, and he whose roar is heard in the islands afar off, had better stand from under.

We ask our readers, who are posted, to read an article from the pen of Brigham Young, in Wednesday's Salt Lake papers, and which we intend to notice further. For consummate hypocrisy it surpasses anything we have ever read. We hope the Americans of Salt Lake, if they have any respect for themselves, will give his Theater a wide berth. By putting money in his purse they but assist him in more securely riveting the chains of the Mormon people of Utah.

It will give us great pleasure to hear from our Fort Bridger correspondent often. His articles on the laws of Utah were excellent and were commented upon and praised by legal gentlemen of Salt Lake City.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

New York, January 11th.

Late rebel papers contain an interesting and detailed narrative of the late Union raid of Generals Stoneman, Burbridge and Gillem, in East Tenn. and West Va., so damaging to the enemy in the destruction of the Salt and Lead works and the vast amount of other property. It is thought an effort is made to represent the extent of the injury as much less than it really is. The writer cannot avoid acknowledging that it was very great. He derives some consolation from the fact that, as the Yankees have now done all the harm in that region that they are capable of, some rest for the rebel troops may be hoped for. The rebel Senate, on the 6th inst. adopted a resolution of thanks to their Indian allies of the Cherokee nation. Richmond papers are still indulging in glorifications over the failure of the expedition against Wilmington. Mosby is said to be still alive in a place of security, and his early recovery is anticipated.

A sharp discussion is now going on between the rebel papers, in which Jeff. Davis is meddling, he is charged as the cause of all their recent disasters. Some of them in their defense assail Gen. Lee as being in the rear of the plot. The Herald's army of the James correspondent says, all are in camp except Gen. Butler. He himself, appeared greatly surprised at his removal. If the removal was caused by the Wilmington failure, it was enquired why it was not sooner made. The answer to this was,

that Gen. Ord, who temporarily succeeds Gen. Butler, was absent, and the authorities only awaited his return. Gen. Butler received the order about half past eleven on Sunday forenoon, and before three in the afternoon had made all farewell preparations and had turned over the army to his successor and had taken his departure for the North.

The Herald's *Shenandoah* correspondent says, the inhabitants are suffering from scarcity of food, and rebel troops are quartered upon them, rendering their condition still more deplorable.

No new active military movement of importance has taken place recently in the Valley.

The Herald's Springfield, Mo., correspondent says: The Union garrisons have been withdrawn from all parts south of that place as far as Fort Smith, Ark., by order of Gen. Canby.

The Milledgeville, Ga., Recorder says: The Georgia Legislature will be re-convened as soon as the State House can be repaired.

The Alabama Legislature adjourned after amending the laws providing for the support of the indigent families of soldiers, clothing for the Alabama soldiers who are prisoners, and for the deficiency in the treasury. The two houses could not agree upon the military bill, and none was passed. The Senate was in favor of sweeping the bill, while the House insisted on certain exemptions. Joint resolutions against the reconstruction was passed.

The Sentinel contains an account of a rebel cavalry expedition into South Western Virginia, where it says the people generally are disloyal and the mountain places are infested with bushwhackers and swamp dragoons. It is a very rich grass country and abounds with fine fat stock. They secured 500 head and have undoubtedly made the people still more disloyal.

New York, Jan. 11th.

A Washington Dispatch says: Secretary Fessenden asked for a modification of the laws so as to enable him to issue two hundred millions more of the 7 3-10 bonds. A vote on the constitutional amendment of the bill will be postponed for several days, to allow a full discussion.

The Herald's Washington Dispatch says: Leading Peace Democrats, who have taken a prominent part in the peace movements during the late election, and whose personal relations with the President have been very friendly, have gone to Richmond and will be probably heard of there in a day or two.

Louisville, Jan. 11th.

The Galt House was entirely destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning, and some adjoining buildings were also destroyed.

New York, Jan. 11th.

The ship *Panama* sailed on the 9th for San Francisco.

Washington, Jan. 11th.

Richmond papers say that last accounts from South Carolina state that the enemy were still in front of Hardeeville.

Portland, Me., Jan. 11th.

The Moravian, from Liverpool the 29th, and Londonderry the 30th, has arrived. Gen. Dix's orders to pursue rebel raiders into Canada had attracted much attention, and the London journals hope it will not be acted on as it might cause trouble. The papers generally disown the idea of being driven into unfriendly relations with the United States, on account of the raiders in Canada, and the Times shows the rebels could desire nothing better.

New York, Jan. 11th.

The Tribune's *Brazos Santiago* letter says: The steamer *Ike Davis*, which was captured some time ago on her way from Matamoras to New Orleans, and ran into Galveston, ran the blockade at Gal-

veston, loaded with cotton, and when off Brazos she was lost in a gale. Most of her crew escaped on bales of cotton, and were picked up by an English ship.

The Herald's special says: Orders have been telegraphed to Denver for the arrest of Col. Chivington, for the slaughter of Indians near Fort Lyon. Orders have also been sent to seize all property taken from the Indians, together with the remnant who escaped slaughter, and have them taken care of at the expense of the government until disposition can be made of them.

The Richmond *Whig* gives a special account of Burbridge's raid, and says it is impossible for Breckinridge to defend his lines with his present command and demands his re-inforcement. It says that when Gen. Gillem commenced preparations for the movement from Knoxville and Burbridge appeared at Bean's station—Breckinridge thought we designed evacuating East Tenn. and wished to cover the movement of our stores into Kentucky. Rebel scouts and citizens coming through the lines confirmed his impression and it was fully believed by both, Vaughan and Breckinridge. The movement of our forces completely deceived the rebels until it was too late for them to correct their mistake.

A correspondent details all the movements of Vaughn and Breckinridge until the raid was ended. He says the whole country was taken by surprise and when the enemy came to Bristol he captured the Telegraph operator and forced him to give call for the different officers on the entire line. He telegraphed to Breckinridge and obtained all the information he desired. His advance on Abington and Glade Springs was a complete surprise and the damage done to the Rail-Road is serious and will require some time to repair it. All the bridges of any importance are destroyed with the exception of those at Zollinger and Carters. The enemy demolished the machinery and buildings at the Salt works and dropped the Railroad Iron in a Well which can't be drawn out. The largest portion of the niggers who were there making Salt are captured and taken off, also the Horses, Mules and wagons.

Head Quarters Army of the Potomac

The rebels made an attack on our picket line this morning and captured a few vedettes.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 11th.

James Guthrie is elected U. S. Senator receiving on the first ballot sixty-five votes, against fifty-six for Lovell H. Rousseau.

Cairo Jan. 11th.

The remnant of Hood's army is reported as fortifying Corinth with a view of going into winter quarters at that place. He's also said to be repairing the Mobile & Ohio Rail Road.

New York, Jan. 11th.

The London Times says if the United States Gov't is so ill advised as to send its troops to the Canadian border, a very serious misunderstanding between the two countries may be the consequence.

The Daily News says the order of Gen. Dix will be disapproved by the Washington authorities, and says the plea which could alone warrant such a course would be the refusal of the Canadian authorities to administer justice and preserve the duties of neutral. Such, however, has happily no foundation. The Star condemns the action of Gen. Dix as uncalled for.

Resolutions were passed in Congress in reference to Canada as tending to complicate the position which is already seriously embarrassing.

The Post thinks the promptitude of the Canadian Gov't in its order to arrest raiders is substantial testimony to its own good faith, and will have the reassuring effect in Washington.

A New York correspondent of the London Times points out that the Federal Gov't in Oct. had spoken of the question to increase its armament on the Lakes and will therefore be able by opening navigation on the St. Lawrence to have as many war ships on the Lakes as it can. The British Gov't will find itself, on about the 15th of April, with only a vessel to oppose the Federal fleet.

The Daily News publishes a letter from Goldwin Smith asserting his conviction that the sinking of the Florida was entirely accidental. He defends the language of the American press on the subject, and pays a high compliment to the loyalty and determination of the American people.

The Times publishes a letter from Lord Wharncliffe in response to Seward's refusal concerning the Liverpool fund. Wharncliffe quotes from Northern papers to disprove Seward's statement that prisoners were not suffering unusual privations. He deems that funds were mainly contributed by those trading with the South; saying the movement was entirely carried out by Southern ladies in England, and that the refusal will not practically effect the distribution of the funds. A letter of Mr. Adams communicating briefly Seward's refusal is published. In it Adams expresses regret that he has to close the correspondence.

The Times contrasts the frank and temperate language of President Lincoln, in his recent message, with the proclamation of Gen. Dix, and resolution offered in the Federal Senate by Chandler. It says, in Congress we are charged with assassination and pillage, while commanders threaten our territory with invasion; but the Chief Magistrate of the Republic does justice to both Canada and England. We gladly receive his views as those which time and reason will command to the American people. War between England and America would be simply most formidable and the intervention in behalf of the South all which Davis could desire.

The Times specially recommends this point to the consideration of Americans and it adds, that it has been long surmised that the Confederacy has been rather allured than deterred by the prospect of an international embroilment arising out of their schemes, and if besides, with cruising and plundering the banks, they could fasten a powerful

enemy on the back of their foe, it would be an enormous gain to them. Perhaps some of them are now looking to the St. Albans raid and have hopes of this kind. It is much easier to disappoint them than to play their game. The Federals may assure themselves that not even the capture of Nashville nor the defeat of Sherman would satisfy the South half as much as a rupture with this country, which certain Northern politicians are incessantly advertising.

The Post displays similar views.

The Herald says we must take care and give them no reasonable grounds of provocation; that if war should commence it may be their fault and not ours.

The Star believes that the feeling in the United States about the release of the St. Albans raiders would doubtless subside, as the course of the Canadian government was known.

Reductions of the army are to be effected on a grand scale in Austria and Italy, and it is said that the Italian reduction will be 85,000 men.

Augusta, Me., Jan. 11th.

Hon. Wm. P. Fessenden was elected U. S. Senator to-day for six years from the 4th of March, and Nathan A. Farwell was elected for the unexpired term, caused by the resignation of Fessenden, to take charge of the Treasury Department.

New York, Jan. 12th.

The World's special says: The Democratic politician who has gone on the

peace mission with the approval of the President, is Gen. Singleton of Illinois. He proceeds Blair a day or two. He said the rebel Congress adopted, in secret session, a resolution to appoint peace commissioners, and they have been sent to Grant's headquarters. Messrs. Orr of South Carolina, and A. H. Stevens are of the commission. It is also said that Grant has telegraphed that Stephens has solicited a pass through his lines to visit Washington.

It is at last known that Blair goes to Richmond with the full knowledge and consent of the President, and is clothed with authority requisite to open negotiations with Jeff. Davis, with a view to restore peace, and the rebel authorities will feel assured of this when he shows his credentials. His instructions are embraced in three propositions: first, amnesty to all, no matter what they may have been since the war began; second, the Constitution as it is—Union as it was—the South to return to the Union with all the rights and privileges which it held before any of the States seceded; third, the total abolition of slavery.

From this point the President won't distract one iota. He doesn't insist on immediate abolition, but he does the measures be taken to secure its extinction within a reasonable length of time. It is stated on what seems good authority that Jeff. Davis is strongly inclined to peace measures and is willing to accept more liberal terms than was at first supposed he would.

Lincoln, on the other hand, is disposed to be as lenient as possible, but insists, first, that public action on the part of the South must be to lay down arms and acknowledge the supremacy of the Union. There is no desire to humiliate the South; it is to bow to the Union, not to the North. As an instance of the temper of the Administration to obtain peace, it is stated that Gen. Butler was removed, not solely for his incompetency and misconduct, but also, as evidence that our Gov't is disposed to treat with the South on liberal terms, and is willing to remove any obstacles that may stand in the way of a perfect understanding.

The Times especially recommends this point to the consideration of Americans and it adds, that it has been long surmised that the Confederacy has been rather allured than deterred by the prospect of an international embroilment arising out of their schemes, and if besides, with cruising and plundering the banks, they could fasten a powerful enemy on the back of their foe, it would be an enormous gain to them. Perhaps some of them are now looking to the St. Albans raid and have hopes of this kind. It is much easier to disappoint them than to play their game. The Federals may assure themselves that not even the capture of Nashville nor the defeat of Sherman would satisfy the South half as much as a rupture with this country, which certain Northern politicians are incessantly advertising.

New York, Jan. 12th.

Richmond papers of Monday contain a telegram from Charleston stating that a portion of Sherman's forces have occupied Grahamsville, S. C., thirty-five miles north of Savannah.

A Charleston dispatch of the 6th says: The enemy crossed New river on the road to Grahamsville, on the 5th.

Hood's official report of his defeat has been received. He puts as good a face upon it as possible, but acknowledges the loss of fifty guns in one day.

The Richmond Despatch says that even according to his account of the battle of Nashville, it was a bad business. The Despatch thinks that Thomas will turn the head of his columns towards the southwest.

The Examiner thinks this would be a stupendous undertaking, with but the faintest hope of success. It thinks it more probable that the army will be kept in Tennessee as a corps of observation, while large detachments will be sent as reinforcements to Virginia and Louisiana.

Beauregard telegraphs from Macon that Hood reports from Tupela, Miss., that Thomas was moving up the Tennessee river on the 4th, with six gunboats and sixty transports towards Eastport.

New York, Jan. 12th.

The Herald's *Shenandoah* correspondent says there are rumors that rebels have moved down to Strasburg but it is thought not of sufficient strength to annoy Sheridan.

The Times Washington special learns that the rebel peace commission consists of Vice President Stephens, Judge White of Ga., Messrs. Boyce and Orr of S. C. Leech & Gilmore of N. C., Rives of Va. and Smith and Singleton of Miss., the special also says, it is feared there is no hope of passing the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery.

Cincinnati Jan. 12th.

Resolutions were passed in the Ohio Legislature asking Congress to adopt the proposed amendment to the constitution for the abolition of slavery.

Local Matters.

MR. JAS. CONTEL has built a very handsome sleigh for the Messrs. Gilberts. It is a pretty piece of work, such as Contel always does. Mr. Contel was formerly Drum Major of the 3d Regt. of Infantry. He is a splendid workman, indeed we know of no mechanic in Utah or elsewhere, that can turn out work in a more creditable manner.

THE "Union Varieties" having made permanent and satisfactory arrangements, will continue their most excellent performances at the Camp Theater, without interruption, throughout the winter.

They of course will receive the liberal patronage which they merit. Sheppard, Van Nest, Cook, Briggs, and Smith, will appear every Monday and Thursday evenings.

CONORAN and O'Neil, in the late prize fight in the Montana country, recently, fought 186 rounds, lasting three hours and five minutes. Friends interfering, caused it to be pronounced a "draw."

MESSRS. HELLER & SYDER, auctioneers have houses for sale. They will sell on Saturday a valuable lot of furniture.

THE weather continues cold. An additional fall of snow came down on Thursday, improving the sleighing.

STATISTICS ARE VALUABLE.—A recent report of the English Registrar-General shows that more women than men were married in England in 1861.—*Ex.*

That may be very funny in England, but out here in Utah its "the frozen truth." We beat old England two to one on the marital question. If you don't believe it ask Brigham Young.

LIFE is a lottery; but he who draws many corks won't be likely to draw much else.

TEMPER is the only ungoverned thing in our nature, while it governs all the rest.

PRICE OF GOLD.
COIN—210.
DUST—Virginia \$35.50; Boise \$33.

DIED.
On Thursday morning, at 8 o'clock, at the Camp Douglas Hospital, PATRICK O'BRIEN, 1st Batt. Nev. Cavalry, aged 42 years.

For Sale Cheap
desirable Residence, with good Garden and FRUIT TREES, in the 11th Ward;

ALSO for Rent, HOUSES, suitable for Families.

Also offer on Saturday and Monday \$8.00 worth of House Hold and Kitchen Furniture.

Great Salt Lake City, January 12th, 1863.

HELLER & SNYDER.
Auction & Commission Merchants, &
Jan. 13th Real Estate Agents.

READ THIS! READ THIS!!

INHABITANTS OF UTAH, NEVADA, COLORADO, IDAHO, MONTANA, and all newly settled countries, where money is scarce and the comforts of life exorbitantly high:

It is no longer necessary to undergo the privations consequent upon debarring yourselves of good

Vinegar, Writing Fluid, Indelible Ink, Hard Soap, Soft Soap, or Paint,

or to pay an exorbitant price for them, when for three dollars in U. S. Currency you can obtain SHAW & CLARK'S Celebrated Recipes for the manufacture of them; or, if you so prefer, recipes for the manufature of either of the following for a five dollar greenback:

No. 1 article of Vinegar;

DeBond's world-renowned Roman Ink and a good article of Indelible Ink;

Hard and Soft Soap;

A superior Paint of any color, cheap, easily made, durable, and superior to any other paint in use for painting Wood, Adobes, Brick or Stone.

TO JEWELLERS.

If you are desirous of learning how to plate all kinds of metal with Gold or Silver without the use of a battery, enclose a five dollar greenback, and you will receive by return mail, Shaw and Clark's Celebrated Method of Plating without the use of a battery." Address,

SHAW & CLARK'S General Agency,

Box 201, G. S. L. City,

Utah Territory.

N. B. Editors of papers in any of the above named Territories inserting this advertisement, and mailing a copy to the above address, will have a copy of the first six recipes sent to their address, gratis.

January 13, 1w

G. ROSENBAUM, L. NEWMAN.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY:

MEAT MARKET.

ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN

TAKE PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE

TO THE PUBLIC THAT

THEY HAVE

NOW OPENED

—THE—

LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY.

WHERE THE

Choicest Meats

will always be on Hand,

BEEF

PORK

MUTTON

VEAL

LAMB

PORK SAUSAGE,

HEAD CHEESE,

LIVER SAUSAGE,

CORNED BEEF AND PORK,

PICKLED TONGUE,

SWEET BREADS,

TRIPES,

BRAINS,

And everything in the Business.

THE Patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited for this establishment.

Every effort will be made to gratify the wishes of customers, and orders sent by the young will have the same prompt attention.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

N. B.—Purchasers will have their Meats sent to any part of the City

Free of Charge.

ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN.

January 10th, 1863.

ff.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

AT

WALKER BRO'S.

FLOUR,

WHEAT,

OATS,

BARLEY,

CORN MEAL,

BUTTER,

BACON,

ALSO

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND

FEET OF

SQUARE EDGED LUMBER.

jan9-ff

SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT

AND

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

Main street, between Market and South Temple Streets.

Copies of the papers of the place. Eastern and Western PAPERS and PERIODICALS constantly on hand.

NOVELS and light LITERATURE for sale, exchange, or hire,

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• SUBSCRIPTIONS TAKEN FOR PAPERS!

—

THE NEW YORK LEDGER,

It is not yet too late to subscribe for the above,

commencing from the New Year.

Anything in this line, not procurable in the place, can be sent for by the

SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT.

—

CALL AND INQUIRE,

West Main Street, between Theater and South Temple.

jan5-ff

CALIFORNIA HOUSE.

State Street, Salt Lake City,

One and a-half blocks south of Theater.

THE subscriber having leased, re-modeled and fitted up in good style the house of E. M. Cast, is now fully prepared to accommodate any number of guests with first class

Boarding and Lodging.

The table will be always supplied with the

Best the market affords.

Pleasant rooms, clean and comfortable

beds, etc. **McMasters & Mason,**

Proprietors.

WE are now prepared to accommodate all

those who extend to us their patronage.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS,

From 5 1/2 A. M. to 2 1/2 P. M. Our tables will be

always supplied with the

Best the Market Affords.

Ball parties accommodated on the short

est notice.

dec10-ff

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,

NEW YORK.

S. LELAND & CO.

OFFICIAL HOTEL,

SAN FRANCISCO.

LEWIS LELAND & CO.

UNION HALL,

SARATOGA SPRINGS.

W. W. LELAND & CO.

dec20-ff

YOUNG AMERICA SALOON.

THE undersigned having newly purchased and

fitted up the above Saloon, respectfully solicit

the patronage of their friends and the public, as they are always prepared to supply them

with the finest brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

HOT AND COLD DRINKS

got up in the

FINEST STYLE.

Liquors, 25 cents.

nov21-ff

R. JACKSON.

GREENBACK SALOON,

Cor. Main and 2d South Temple St.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING NEWLY

supplied the above saloon with the best

BRANDS OF

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,

Is the only place where you can get the real

SAN FRANCISCO COCKTAILS,

NEW YORK PUNCHES, and

PHILADELPHIA TOM AND JERRYS.

n26-ff

M. ANTON, Prop'r.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,

BANKERS.

At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great

Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for

GOLD DUST AND COIN.

Dust bought for Coin or Currency.

Cash paid for Govern' Vouchers.

Drafts payable in Coin or Currency

sold on

New York,

San Francisco, Cal.,

Virginia City, Idaho,

Denver City, Colorado,

Atchinson, Kansas,

Portland, Oregon and

Victoria, British Columbia.

Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for

feb21-ff

AUSTIN M CLARK, J. W. KERR, MILTON E CLARK.

Clark & Co.,

BANKERS,

Great Salt Lake City.

THE EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA AND THE POOR WOMAN.—A Vienna paper relates the following anecdote: "One day lately a poor old woman, accompanied by two children, went to the forest near Ischel to pick up rotten wood. Overcome with fatigue she at last sat down and fainted away, but the children thought she was only asleep. On observing the approach of a gentleman in hunting costume they attempted to awaken her, and began to cry when they found she did not move. The gentleman, seeing their distress, proceeded to examine the woman, and ascertained that she was in a fainting fit. He immediately obtained a flask of brandy from another gentleman who came up, and rubbed her forehead with the spirits. She soon revived and he then gave her some gold coins and withdrew. The old woman returned home highly pleased with her good fortune, and was still more delighted when she learned that her benefactor was no other than the Emperor Francis Joseph."

PADDY AND HANS.—An Irishman asked a Dutchman, a day or two since, if he could build him a pig pen?

"Nein," says Mynheer. "Nine!" retorted Paddy, "faith, wan'll do me, aisy enough."

"Nein, nein," reiterated Hans, "in my country nein means 'no'!"

"It does," says Paddy, "thin be jabbers, in your country eighteen manes 'yis,' for the grammar says that two negatives is equil to an affirmative."

The grocer who is dishonest in the use of his scales, lies in weight to deceive.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannack City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any

amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Esther by

Mule or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

And start as early as the 1st of March.

Apply at my office, one door south of Godbe's Drug Store.

HOWARD LIVINGSTONE.

September 24, 1864. Jan10ff

BY THIS SIGN WE CONQUER.

"Whenever the way seems long,
Or the heart begins to fail,
We sing a more wonderful song,
And tell a more marvelous tale."

January 1, 1865.

TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE NEW YORK MERCURY.

THE PRIDE OF THE FIRESIDE.

In the prime of a vigorous intellectual manhood, the Phoenix of the weeklies begins its flight for the new year, over the wrecks of its flagging and lifeless contemporaries, with its eye fixed upon the sun, beneath which it owns no rivalry.

The war, which has toppled down whatever is shallow and baseless, has written no wrinkle on the bright page of our success. Our features for the issue of 1865 shake the pillars of whatever has heretofore been deemed imperial in serial literature. Both sides of the Atlantic render us tribute. We shall continue the thrilling romances of Miss M. E. BRADDON, necromancer of the strong dark passions, to whom we pay more money annually than the entire capital of our imitators, and add to our American staff the champion jester of the cap and bells, JOHN BILLINGS, who will commence with the 1st of January a series of his well-known inimitable comic papers, written expressly for us, in his irresistably convulsive vein. HABIBI E. PARSONS, the most polished and imaginative sketch-writer living; F. T. BARNUM, the world-famed showman and autobiographer; Miss M. A. EARLE, FAIRFAX BALFOUR, Dr. J. H. ROBINSON, and "NEW BUNTLINE," renowned and versatile novelette-writers, will eke out the sparkling contributions of such facile poets, fulleronists, humorists, critics, travelers, paragraphists, etc., as GEORGE ARNOLD, W. H. EATON, MILLIE W. CARPENTER, GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND, JULIA S. INGRAM, EDWARD WILLETT, GEORGE MARTIN, JOSEPH BARBER, J. A. PRITCHETT, and others, numerous enough and clever enough to run all the newspapers on the Continent.

The vivid pencils of DARLEY, MCLEAN, and WHITE, the first dranghtsmen of the age, will make the new volume pictorial, and whatever of fugitive or meteoric note may appear during the year, will at once be engaged and made available.

In addition to its crisp and telling editorials; its delectable Gossips' Club, in which the astest and wittiest poems, caricatures, and burlesques of the time first appear; and its coquettish Ladies' Promenade to which all the mothers, sweethearts, daughters, wives and widows of the land subscribe their experiences. The New York MERCURY will continue the faithful and cogent

PHOTOGRAPHS OF POPULAR PEOPLE, highly illustrative of the oldest, ablest, and artfullest folk of the era; the GREAT FASHION ARTICLE by JENNIE JUNE, whose sprightly notes upon the latest and most perfect New York modes are suggestive to leaders of society everywhere, and universally consulted both in the metropolis and throughout the country; and commence a series of illustrated SKETCHES OF GROTESQUE ADVENTURES IN FOREIGN CLIMES DURING THE WAR, by ALFRED TRAPPLER; as well as HINTS UPON COOKERY by HENRY GOSLING, the metropolitan cuiusineer.

The first of the year will inaugurate the thrilling original novelette by Doctor J. H. ROBINSON, entitled:

ALETHE;

OR
THE CHILD OF THE CORD,

which will be followed by a splendid new story by Miss M. E. BRADDON, written expressly for THE NEW YORK MERCURY.

Notwithstanding the upward march of every luxury and consumption, and our enormously increased outlay for the year 1865, the Star Paper of the Republic, with its forty columns of sterling original matter, will continue to be issued at six cents a copy, and sold by all newsmen and periodical-dealers in America. Its long and honorable history insures its subscribers against the casualties and fatalities which have swept so many mushroom journals off the board, and left their patrons disconsolate at the loss of their money.

To mail-subscribers our terms are: Cash in advance: Single copies, \$2.50 a year; three copies \$7; six copies \$13; nine copies, \$20. The party who sends us \$20 for a club of nine copies will receive an additional copy free. Six months' subscriptions received. Canada subscribers must send twenty cents extra for each subscription, to pay the American postage.

Subscribers should be careful to write plainly the name of their post-office, county and State. Specimen copies sent free to all applicants. Address, CAULDWELL & WHINEY, Proprietors of The New York Mercury, Nos. 48 Ann street and 113 Fulton street, New York City.

Proprietors of Newspapers giving the above Prospectus five or more insertions, with an editorial notice, will be entitled to have two copies of THE NEW YORK MERCURY sent for one year, to any address they indicate.

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

East Temple Street.... Salt Lake City.

THIS LARGE AND EXCELLENT HOTEL HAS BEEN open so long to the public, that it is unnecessary for the proprietor to give it any recommendation, except that it has lately been re-modeled and re-fitted with extensive additions, has First Class accommodations, good, clean Beds, and Tables supplied with the

BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

In connection with the House is a BAR always furnished with the choicest brands of
Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

jan10ff F. LITTLE, Proprietor.

WASHINGTON SALOON,
1st South Temple st., opposite the Theater,
SALT LAKE CITY.
Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars,
Always on hand.

dec19ff G. MOORE, Proprietor.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Begs leave to inform the public that they soon open their

NEW STORE

OPPOSITE THE

Overland Stage Line Office,

Where they will offer for sale, one of the

Largest

And

Best

Assorted

STOCK

OF

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found,

IN A

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy

Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

OF

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

TO

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Plow, Grain and other Produce taken, for which the regular prices will be allowed.

jan3-ff N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Clothing, Clothing, Clothing, Clothing,

Hardware, Hardware, Hardware, Hardware,

Crockery, Crockery, Crockery, Crockery,

Glassware, Glassware, Glassware, Glassware,

Stationery, Stationery, Stationery, Stationery,

School Books, School Books, School Books, School Books,

All kinds Preserves, Pie and Can Fruits.

Coats, Coats, Coats, Coats,

Pants, Pants, Pants, Pants,

Vests, Vests, Vests, Vests,

Hats, Hats, Hats, Hats,

Caps, Caps, Caps, Caps,

Boots, Boots, Boots, Boots,

Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, Shoes,

Gloves, Gloves, Gloves, Gloves,

Handk'fs, Handk'fs, Handk'fs, Handk'fs,

And a Splendid Assortment of

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also: a Large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

Dry Goods,

Consisting of

Silks, Silks, Silks, Silks,

Lawn, Lawn, Lawn, Lawn,

Cambrics, Cambrics, Cambrics, Cambrics,

Calicos, Calicos, Calicos, Calicos,

Checks, Checks, Checks, Checks,

Chambrays, Chambrays, Chambrays, Chambrays,

Flannels, Flannels, Flannels, Flannels,

Shawls, Shawls, Shawls, Shawls,

Ribbons, Ribbons, Ribbons, Ribbons,

Laces, Laces, Laces, Laces,

Hose, Hose, Hose, Hose,

And a well selected assortment of

Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as

Hair Brushes, Hair Brushes, Hair Brushes,

Tooth Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Tooth Brushes,

Flesh Brushes, Flesh Brushes, Flesh Brushes,

Nail Brushes, Nail Brushes, Nail Brushes,

Coarse and Coarse and Coarse and

Fine Combs, Fine Combs, Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of

Pomades and Perfumaries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

Remember the place, next door to the Salt Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

oct-ff GILBERT & SONS.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska, and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and BRASCA CITY,

In charge of the most Competent and Trust worthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via. East Bannack City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE